

# Human CLDN 18.2-Luciferase-MIA PaCa2 Stable Cell Line

Catalog Number: C3035

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

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Cell Line Name Human CLDN18.2-Luciferase-MIA PaCa2 stable cell line (HuCLDN18.2-Luc-MiaPaCa2)

Accession Number Human CLDN18.2: NP\_001002026.1; Firefly luciferase: AFE85520.1

Host Cell MIA-PaCa2, human pancreatic carcinoma cell line

**Quantity** Two vials of frozen cells  $(2x10^6 \text{ per vial})$ 

Culture Medium DMEM with 10% FBS, 1µg/ml puromycin, and 250 ug/ml hygromycin

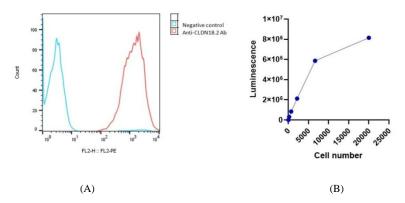
Freezing Medium 90% FBS and 10% DMSO

Storage Liquid nitrogen

### DATA

(A) Detection of human CLDN18.2 expression on human CLDN18.2-Luc-MiaPaca2 stable cells using a monoclonal antibody specific for human CLDN18.2 (Cat #A1008)

(B) Luciferase activity measurement for human CLDN18.2-Luc-MiaPaca2 stable cells



## **BACKGROUND**

Claudin-18 (CLDN18) is a member of a large family of four-span transmembrane proteins called Claudins. These proteins are the essential components of the mammalian tight junctions (TJs) in epithelial cells. Claudin-18 has two splice variants, 18.1 and 18.2. While CLDN18.1 is specifically expressed in the lung tissue, CLDN18.2 expression in normal tissue is more restricted and is only detected in small patches of stomach mucosal. CLDN18.2 expression is elevated in many types of epithelial cancers including stomach, esophagus, pancreatic and ovarian cancers. The expression of CLDN18.2 is not only detected in primary tumors, but also in the metastatic sites. Therefore, CLDN18.2 is an ideal target for monoclonal antibody-based cancer therapies.

#### References

Türeci O. *et al.* Claudin-18 gene structure, regulation, and expression is evolutionary conserved in mammals. *Gene.* **481(2):** 83-92. 2011. Sahin U. *et al.* Claudin-18 Splice Variant 2 Is a Pan-Cancer Target Suitable for Therapeutic Antibody Development. *Clin. Cancer Res.* **14(23):**7624-7634. 2008. Niimi T. *et al.* Claudin-18, a Novel Downstream Target Gene for the T/EBP/NKX2.1 Homeodomain Transcription Factor, Encodes Lung- and Stomach-Specific Isoforms through Alternative Splicing. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* **21(21):** 7380-7390. 2001.